



QUEANBEYAN CITY COUNCIL

Adopted by Queanbeyan City Council 7 June 2006

Jerrabomberra Creek Plan of Management

Prepared by

Queanbeyan City Council

In conjunction with

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Cover photos (left to right):

- Jerrabomberra Creek sign, Old Cooma Road creek crossing.
- Jerrabomberra Creek at Royalla.
- The waterfall at Jerrabomberra, off Tamarind Place.
- Jerrabomberra Park, off Mariners Court.

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Executive Summary

Queanbeyan City Council has adopted this Jerrabomberra Creek Plan of Management so that it can achieve its goal of conserving, preserving, rehabilitating and monitoring the natural environment on public land used by the community that is located along Jerrabomberra Creek.

Jerrabomberra Creek catchment lies within both NSW and the ACT and is within the larger catchment of the Molonglo River which in turn feeds into the Murrumbidgee River. In NSW, Jerrabomberra Creek flows through both rural and urban land before crossing the border into the ACT and emptying into the Jerrabomberra Wetlands.

The impetus for the Plan stems from recommendations in the Council's State of the Environment Report for 2003-2004 which recommended that it undertake a number of actions in relation to Jerrabomberra Creek, including:

- restoring Jerrabomberra Creek to incorporate endemic species;
- organising Jerrabomberra Creek to be included in the regional Frogwatch Program; and
- establishing additional water sampling sites on Jerrabomberra Creek.

The public land along Jerrabomberra Creek that is identified in the Plan is classified as 'community land' under the Queanbeyan Local Environmental Plan 1998. Community land along Jerrabomberra Creek is proposed to be divided into three categories and they are 'park', 'natural area' and 'watercourse'. These land categories have specific management objectives defined by the LEP and this plan outlines management actions and performance targets to achieve the management objectives.

There are no threatened species known to inhabit community land along Jerrabomberra Creek although there are a number of NSW and Commonwealth listed threatened species and threatened ecological communities that are likely to occur on other land within the catchment in the Local Government Area of Queanbeyan.

If this Plan is adopted by Council, it is expected that the management actions will then become specific activities that will be listed under the environmental improvement program of the Council's Management Plan.

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Requirement for the Plan of Management

Queanbeyan City Council (the Council) is required under the NSW *Local Government Act* 1993 (the Act) to prepare a Plan of Management (the Plan) for public land allocated for use by the local community that occurs within the Local Government Area (LGA) of Queanbeyan. Implementation of the Plan is the responsibility of the Council, whose charter commits them to:

manage, protect, restore, enhance and conserve the environment of the area for which it is responsible, in a manner that is consistent with and promotes the principles of ecologically sustainable development.

1.2 Purpose of the Plan of Management

The primary purpose of the Plan is to outline how community land along Jerrabomberra Creek (see Figure 1) is to be used and managed. The secondary purpose of the Plan is to provide supplementary information about the management of the catchment of Jerrabomberra Creek. Overall, the Plan is intended to provide a framework for the Council for the next twenty years and to facilitate an integrated approach to natural resource management for part of the LGA of Queanbeyan.

1.3 Integrated natural resource management

The Council recognises that to manage community land along the Jerrabomberra Creek requires specific knowledge of the condition and processes of the Creek and a broader understanding of the condition and processes of the catchment. As a consequence, the Council accepts that it must take an integrated approach to natural resource management (see Figure 3) so that it can achieve its mission which is to:

establish and maintain quality lifestyle services and facilities in response to community and environmental needs.

1.4 Catchment setting

The catchment of Jerrabomberra Creek is approximately 128 square kilometres in size and lies within both NSW and the ACT. It is within the larger catchment of the Molonglo River which in turn feeds into the Murrumbidgee River via Lake Burley Griffin. The headwaters of Jerrabomberra Creek occur outside of the LGA of Queanbeyan in the locality of Royalla. In NSW, the Jerrabomberra Creek flows through rural and urban land before crossing the border into the ACT and emptying into the Jerrabomberra Wetlands. From the Jerrabomberra Wetlands the water drains into the East Basin of Lake Burley Griffin (see figure 2).

Jerrabomberra Creek Catchment forms part of the broader Upper Murrumbidgee Catchment. Several other overarching Management Plans cover this area including:

- Draft Murrumbidgee Catchment Action Plan
- Molonglo Catchment Strategy.

The Jerrabomberra Creek Plan of Management sits under these Plans and proposes objectives and actions which are not inconsistent with these important regional plans.

1.5 Land use history of Jerrabomberra Creek and its catchment

Jerrabomberra Creek and its catchment form part of the traditional lands of the Ngunnawal people. Europeans first began to settle in the region soon after their arrival in Australia and the township of Queanbeyan was officially proclaimed in 1838. Jerrabomberra Creek was originally a chain-of-ponds with ephemeral flows and rich alluvial flats in the riparian zones. Today it is a deeply incised channel with eroded gullies and tributaries and this is a result of the past land use practices by European settlers. Since European occupation, the native vegetation in the catchment has been altered and now comprises modified woodland, modified grassland and areas of exotic species. Today's land uses in the catchment are generally limited to agricultural (grazing) and residential (rural and urban).

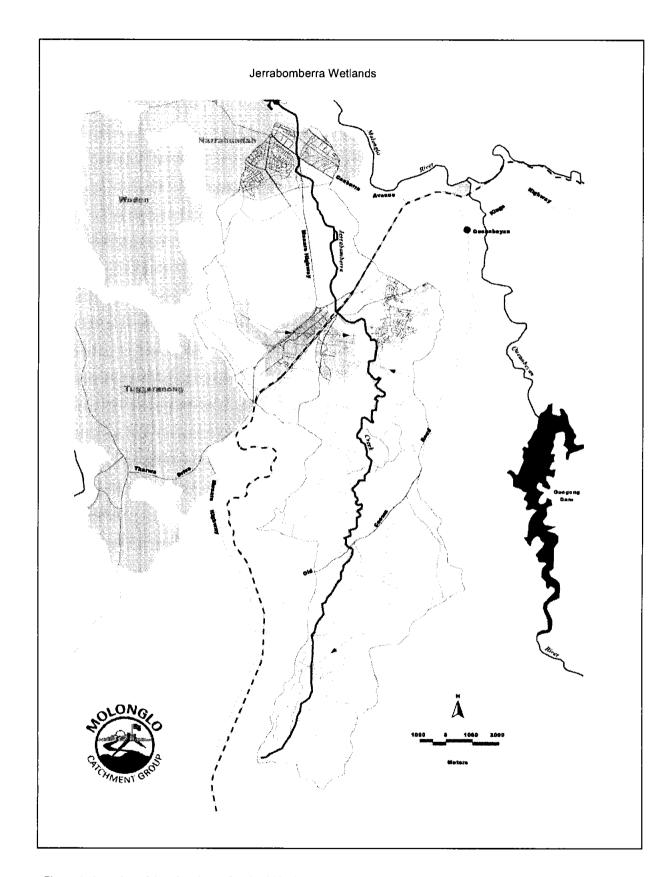


Figure 1: Location of Jerrabomberra Creek within the catchment (Maps provided by Molonglo Catchment Group – www.molonglocatchment.com.au)

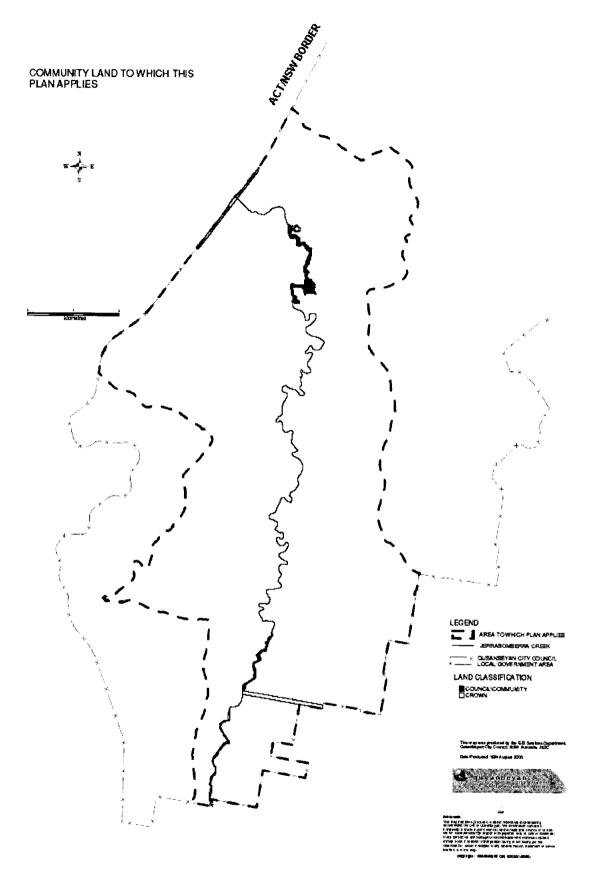


Figure 2: Community land to which this plan applies

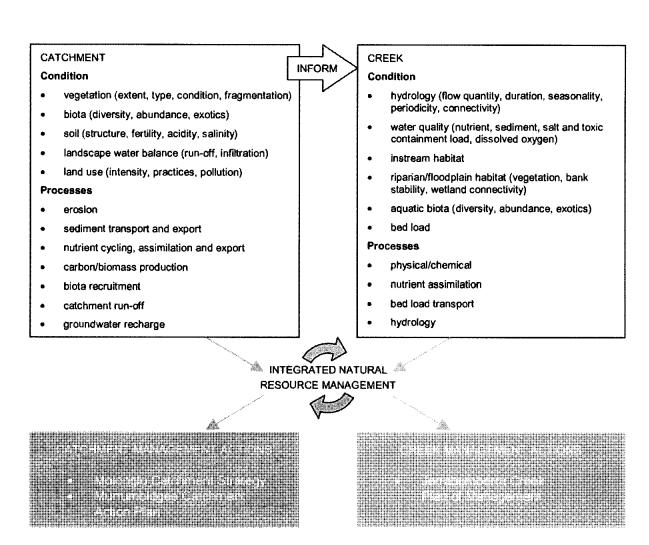


Figure 3: Integrated natural resource management approach¹

¹ Adapted from the National Land and Water Resources Audit's Australian Catchment, River and Estuary Assessment (2002).

1.6 Legal and policy instruments

1.6.1 Legislation

The management of the Jerrabomberra Creek and its catchment is influenced by a number of laws, the following have particular relevance:

New South Wales

- Water Act 1912
- Soil Conservation Act 1938
- National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- Catchment Management Act 1989
- Local Government Act 1993
- Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995
- Native Vegetation Conservation Act 1997
- Native Vegetation Act 2003

Commonwealth

Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999

1.6.2 Policy

There are numerous policy instruments and strategies that apply to Jerrabomberra Creek and its catchment within the LGA of Queanbeyan. Those relevant to the Plan are as follows:

State Government Policy

- Policy for sustainable agriculture in NSW
- State Environment Planning Policy No. 15 Rural Land-Sharing Communities

State Government Strategies

- NSW Salinity Strategy
- NSW Weed Strategy
- NSW Biodiversity Strategy

Local Government Policy

- Queanbeyan City Council Tree Preservation Order (1998)
- Queanbeyan City Council Significant Tree Policy (1998)
- Queanbeyan City Council Development Control Plan No.41 (1998) Soil, water and vegetation management plans.
- Queanbeyan City Council Development Control Plan No.42 (2003) Landscape Policy.
- Queanbeyan City Council Development Control Plan No.27F (2002) Jerrabomberra Heights, North Terrace and Jerrabomberra Park.

Local Environmental Plans

- Queanbeyan Local Environmental Plan 1991
- Yarrowlumla Local Environmental Plan 1993
- Queanbeyan Local Environmental Plan 1998
- Yarrowlumla Local Environmental Plan 2002

Catchment and Regional Strategies

Molonglo Catchment Strategy

1.6.3

- Murrumbidgee Catchment Action Plan
- ACT Willow Management Strategy
- · Regional Weed Strategies

Community land along Jerrabomberra Creek needs to be managed in a manner consistent with the catchment. As a consequence, it is considered that strategies must be adopted by all land managers within the catchment of Jerrabomberra Creek. Presented below (Table 1) are strategies which apply to the Molonglo River catchment and therefore have application to the catchment of Jerrabomberra Creek. It is Councils intention to cooperatively and in coordination with the Murrumbidgee Catchment Management Authority, Molonglo Catchment Group, Local Landcare Groups and the ACT Government to resolve the issues as listed below:

Issue	Strategies
Water quality	 Look at achieving 90% groundcover in rural areas across the catchment. Consider fencing and revegetating to control stock access in riparian areas across the catchment.
Groundwater	Consider installing meters on waterbores across the catchment.
Salinity	 Focus on establishing native grass pastures across the catchment. Look at retaining, protecting and regenerating native vegetation across the catchment. Consider revegetating the catchment with appropriate native species.
• Weeds	Consider removing invasive willows from streams within the catchment. Council has obligations under the Noxious Weeds Act 1993, in respect to noxious weeds on Council land and may undertake chargeable works on Crown and private land.
Remnant vegetation management	 Consider fencing to protect remnant vegetation and create wildlife corridors within the catchment.
Riparian restoration	 Consider establishing stock watering points away from streams across the catchment. Consider excluding and control livestock access to streams within the catchment.
Erosion	Look at initiating soil stabilisation works across the catchment.
Feral Animals	The control of feral animals on public land is the responsibility of Council and on private land it is the owners responsibility. Contact Council for further information on 62980101.

Table 1: Issues and strategies for all land managers

2.0 Land covered under the Plan of Management

The Council owns a number of land parcels along Jerrabomberra Creek and these are detailed in Table 2. These parcels represent the land specifically addressed under this Plan.

Lot & Deposited Plan Number	Land Category	Suburb	Area
Lot 744 DP 814725	Park •	Jerrabomberra	5.033 ha
Lot 939 DP 850891	Park	Jerrabomberra	2.98 ha
Lot 57 DP 1017138	Park	Jerrabomberra	5.2 ha
Lot 112 DP 1037423	Natural Area	Jerrabomberra	22.78 ha
Lot 148 DP 1041324	Natural Area	Jerrabomberra	4.47 ha
Lot 2 DP 1042627	Watercourse	Royalla	13.3 ha
Lot 41 DP 1056538	Watercourse	Royalla	9.0 ha

Table 2: Land parcel details

2.1 Impacts on Private Land

While Council acknowledges that this Plan is not able to specifically cover areas of private land it is important to recognise that much of the land adjoining the Creek and in the broader catchment is in private ownership. Landholders are encouraged to use the principles and objectives detailed in this Plan to guide their own management practices on private land along the Creek. In fact there will be many cases where it may be beneficial for the Council and adjacent landowners to work together to restore and rehabilitate areas of the Creek. Examples could include proposals to seek joint funding for willow removal or noxious plant control or riparian zone protection and rehabilitation.

Funding for this type of work is available from different sources from time to time. For information on current sources of funding please see Councils website www.qcc.nsw.gov.au or contact Council's Environmental Services on (02) 6298 0268.

3.0 Classification and category of the land

3.1 Land classification

The public land along Jerrabomberra Creek that is identified in the Plan is classified as 'community land' under the Local Government Act 1993. Community land along Jerrabomberra Creek is divided into three categories and they are 'park', 'natural area' and 'watercourse'.

3.1.1 Category - Park

Community land along Jerrabomberra Creek in the vicinity of Mariners Court, in the suburb of Jerrabomberra is categorised as 'park'. The following parcels are classified as park land:

Lot and Deposited Plan Number	Description	Street Address	Area (Hectares)
Lot 744 DP 814725	Park	7 Mariners Court, Jerrabomberra	5.033
Lot 939 DP 850891	Park	2 Waterfall Drive, Jerrabomberra	2.98
Lot 57 DP 1017138	Park	18 Waterfall Drive, Jerrabomberra	5.2

Table 3: Park parcel details

The objectives for the management of this land as set down in the Local Government Act 1993 are as follows:

- encourage, promote and facilitate recreational, cultural, social and educational pastimes and activities;
- provide for passive recreational activities or pastimes and for the casual playing of games; and
- improve the land in such a way as to promote and facilitate its use.

3.1.2

Category - Natural area

Community land along Jerrabomberra Creek, between Tamarind Place and Camphorwood Close in the suburb of Jerrabomberra, is categorised as a 'natural area'. The following parcels of land are classified as natural area:

Lot and Deposited Plan	Description	Street Address	Area
Number			(Hectares)
Lot 112 DP 1037423	Natural Area	8 Banyalla Close	2.98
Lot 148 DP 1041324	Natural Area	137 Waterfall Drive	4.47

Table 4: Natural area parcel details

The objectives for the management of this land are as follows:

- conserve biodiversity and maintain ecosystem function as a natural area;
- maintain the land, or that feature of the habitat, in its natural state and setting;
- provide for the restoration and regeneration of the land;
- provide for community use of and access to the land in such a manner as will minimise and mitigate any disturbance caused by human intrusion; and
- assist in and facilitate the implementation of any provisions restricting the use and management of the land that are set out in a recovery plan or threat abatement plan prepared under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* or the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

3.1.3

Category - Watercourse

Community land along the upper reaches of the Jerrabomberra Creek is categorised as a 'watercourse'. The following parcels of land are classified as watercourse:

Lot and Deposited Plan	Description	Street Address	Area
Number			(Hectares)
Lot 2 DP 1042627	Watercourse	1731 Old Cooma Road, Googong	13.3
Lot 41 DP 1056538	Watercourse	146 Thoroughbred Drive, Royalla	9.0

Table 5: Watercourse parcel details

The objectives for the management of this land are as follows:

- manage watercourse so as to protect the biodiversity and ecological values of the instream environment, particularly in relation to water quality and water flows;
- manage watercourse so as to protect the riparian environment, particularly in relation to riparian vegetation and habitats and bank stability;
- restore degraded watercourse; and
- promote community education, and community access to and use of the watercourse.

4.0 Ownership of Land

4.1 Owner of the Land

All land referred to in Part 2 and 3 of this Plan is owned by Queanbeyan City Council and classified as Community Land under the Local Government Act 1993.

4.2 Other Ownership

Generally the remainder of land adjoining or encompassing the Creek catchment is in private ownership. The exceptions are:

- Locations where the Creek crosses roadways generally under the control of Council.
- Locations where the Creek abuts Crown Road reserves generally under the control of the Department of Lands.
- An area of Crown Land operated by the Rail Infrastructure Corporation located at the furthest downstream point of the Creek before it enters the ACT. This land includes the existing railway line.
- An area of Crown Land managed by Little Burra Pty Ltd located at the southern end
 of the community land in Little Burra and identified as Lot 7001 DP1027109 (Refer to
 Figure 11).
- Lake Jerrabomberra is a man-made stormwater retention basin, situated on the
 eastern side of Jerrabomberra Creek at Jerrabomberra Estate. Lake Jerrabomberra
 is classified as "Operation Land" under the QLEP 1998 for the purposes of
 stormwater drainage and as such is not covered by this Plan of Management which
 relates only to Community Land. There is an operational Draft Plan of Management
 which specifically addresses management and maintenance of the lake.

5.0 Management of the Land

5.1 Background to the Management of Community Land

This plan of management seeks to:

- Comply with the core objective for this type of community land and all other statutory provisions;
- Set up a management and maintenance regime in order to maintain the facilities on the lands covered by this plan in good order so as to reduce public liability risk and to protect public investment as well as their users.
- Authorise leases for specific sites.
- Identify landscape development plans for specific sites.

The management of these sites is undertaken by the Queanbeyan City Council.

The action priorities for **Jerrabomberra Creek** are shown in the tables which have been arranged according to the following management issues:

Generic Section of the Plan (Section 5.1):

- Compliance with the Core Objective (applicable to this type of community land).
- Maintenance.
- Community Consultation.
- Public Access to the Sites.

Specific Sections of the Plan (Parts B, C and D):

- Specific Site Maintenance.
- · Landscape Development Plan.

5.1.1 General Compliance with Core Objective for All Areas

Management Issues	Core Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective and performance target	Manner of assessing objectives and performance targets	Responsibility
COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORE OBJECTIVE FOR LAND CATEGORISED AS PARK (AS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993).	 Encourage, promote and facilitate recreational, cultural, social and educational pastimes and activities; Provide for passive recreational activities or pastimes and for the casual playing of games; and Improve the land in such a way as to promote and facilitate its use. 	Compliance at all times with the core objective for Parks.	Refer to the core objectives when amending this plan of management.	When reviewing this plan, include a review of the terms of its compliance/non-compliance with the core objective(s) and all other statutory provisions.	 Parks and Recreation Services Section. Strategic Planning Section.

Management Issues	Core Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective and performance target	Manner of assessing objectives and performance targets	Responsibility
COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORE OBJECTIVE FOR LAND CATEGORISED AS NATURAL AREA (AS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993) (Continued)	 Conserve biodiversity and maintain ecosystem function as a natural area; Maintain the land, or that feature of the habitat, in its natural state and setting; Provide for the restoration and regeneration of the land; Provide for community use of and access to the land in such a manner as will minimise and mitigate any disturbance caused by human intrusion; and 	Compliance at all times with the core objective for Natural Area.	Refer to the core objectives when amending this plan of management.	When reviewing this plan, include a review of the terms of its compliance/non-compliance with the core objective(s) and all other statutory provisions.	 Parks and Recreation Services Section. Strategic Planning Section.

Management Issues	Core Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective and performance target	Manner of assessing objectives and performance targets	Responsibility
COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORE OBJECTIVE FOR LAND CATEGORISED AS NATURAL AREA (AS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993) (Continued)	Assist in and facilitate the implementation of any provisions restricting the use and management of the land that are set out in a recovery plan or threat abatement plan prepared under the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 or the Fisheries Management Act 1994.				

Management Issues	Core Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective and performance target	Manner of assessing objectives and performance targets	Responsibility
COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORE OBJECTIVE FOR LAND CATEGORISED AS WATERCOURSE (AS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1993).	 Manage watercourse so as to protect the biodiversity and ecological values of the instream environment, particularly in relation to water quality and water flows; Manage watercourse so as to protect the riparian environment, particularly in relation to riparian vegetation and habitats and bank stability; Restore degraded watercourse; and Promote community education, and community access to and use of the watercourse. 	Compliance at all times with the core objective for Watercourse.	Refer to the core objectives when amending this plan of management.	When reviewing this plan, include a review of the terms of its compliance/non-compliance with the core objective(s) and all other statutory provisions.	 Parks and Recreation Services Section. Strategic Planning Section.

5.1.2

General Maintenance of All Areas

Management Issues	Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
GENERAL SITE MAINTENANCE.	GENERAL SITE MAINTENANCE.	To minimise public risk and to ensure the proper management of the site.	 Continue to finance and to provide administrative support for the maintenance of each site. Continue to report all damaged structures/embellishments to Engineering Operations for repair/replacement. Continue to maintain the grounds in accordance with the parks seasonal maintenance programme 	 Whether or not funds for the maintenance are included in the annual management plan. Visual inspection to determine general maintenance standard of the buildings and surrounding areas/structures/e mbellishments. Assessment of whether or not buildings, structures, surroundings and embellishments are in good order and/or comply with the relevant Australian Standards or are high risk. 	 Engineering Operations Section. Parks and Recreation Services Section.

Management Issues	Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
GENERAL SITE MAINTENANCE (continued).	• As above.	• As above.	 Continue to monitor any existing buildings, embellishments and structures (public assets) with regard to their usefulness/appropriat eness, risk, condition, long term maintenance, and compliance with the relevant Australian Standards. Annual risk assessment of the sites, any buildings on them and other embellishments/struct ures. Salvage or discard embellishments or which exceed Council's risk management assessment. 	 Whether or not annual risk assessment is undertaken. Whether or not appropriate remedial action is taken to ensure that all buildings, structures, surroundings and embellishments are in good order and/or comply with the relevant Australian Standards or are high risk. 	• As above.

5.1.3 Community Consultation

Management Issues	Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
COMMUNITY CONSULTATION	To provide for community input into the general management of the site and into this plan of management.	Consultation being in accordance with the Local Government Act, 1993 during any revision of this plan of management.	Continue to undertake reviews of this plan in the public consultation provisions of the Local Government Act, 1993.	At every review of this plan of management check to see that consultation has been undertaken with the Local Government Act, 1993.	Strategic Planning Section.

5.1.4 Public Access to the Sites

Management Issues	Objective	Performance Target	Means of achieving the objective	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
PUBLIC ACCESS	To facilitate the ongoing community, recreational and other uses of this land and which are consistent with the core objective(s) for it.	 Maintenance of reasonable and safe public access to this land. Assess condition of concrete path regularly 	Continue policies which enable the public reasonable and safe access to this land.	Regular review of public accessibility to the land.	 Engineering Operations Section. Parks and Recreation Services Section.

5.2 Condition of the Land

5.2.1 Soil

The catchment of Jerrabomberra Creek in the LGA of Queanbeyan and adjoining areas comprises soil derived from predominantly volcanic rocks such as granite, although there are also some sedimentary rocks, and therefore alluvial soils underlying a small part of the suburb of Jerrabomberra. Vegetation clearing and grazing practices of early European settlers, together with rabbit plagues, have contributed over the years to the loss of soil within the catchment and this has affected the condition of Jerrabomberra Creek. The catchment is considered to be suffering minor to moderate gully erosion (see Figure 4) while Jerrabomberra Creek carries significant amounts of sediment and is under threat from minor to moderate stream bank erosion (see Figure 5).

Conclusions for best practice land management from the geomorphic research carried out by Wasson and Star on the Creek, indicate that revegetation of much of the riparian zones; prevention of stock access to the creek channel and providing other watering points; and implementing sustainable grazing practices will be the most appropriate actions to stabilise the channels, stream banks and gullies and prevent excessive mobilisation of sediment.

5.2.2 Vegetation

The original vegetation within the catchment prior to European settlement, consisted of dry sclerophyll forest on the steep slopes, savannah woodlands on the undulating hills and expanses of native grasslands on the flatter, colder valley floor. Since European settlement, the vegetation in the catchment has been gradually altered in the rural areas and dramatically changed in the urban areas. Today, the catchment including the Jerrabomberra Creek still contains pockets of diverse species of grasses, shrubs and trees. The condition of this vegetation is considered to be good with much of the native vegetation in a healthy state. The current distribution of the different vegetation types across the catchment is shown at Figure 6.

5.2.3 Surface and ground water

Surface water

The condition of surface water across the catchment is considered to be poor due to the presence of sediments and nutrients in farm dams and in channel and pools along the Jerrabomberra Creek. Past water quality monitoring results from the Jerrabomberra Creek show that the quality of the water seems to be degrading and it is possible that this is being caused by overgrazing and pollutants from stormwater associated with road surfaces and residential areas. Other reasons for the poor condition of surface water and reduced flows may be because of the increasing number and location of farm dams within the catchment which are limiting flows and direct extraction of Creek water for stock and domestic purposes and extraction of groundwater which would otherwise provide base flow for the Creek.

Groundwater

The condition of the groundwater within the catchment is considered to be of good quality, with salinity levels in the deeper fractured rock aquifer at acceptable levels. Use of groundwater within the catchment is generally limited to livestock and domestic use in the suburbs of Royalla and Googong. No information was available detailing the number of licences for extraction which have been granted and the number of bores drilled.

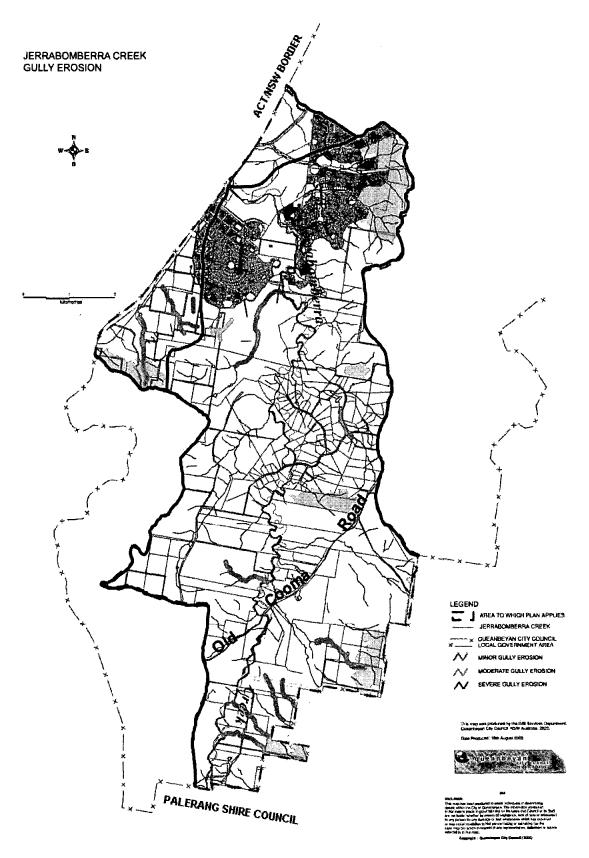


Figure 4: Jerrabomberra Catchment Gully Erosion

(Maps provided by Molonglo Catchment Group – www.molonglocatchment.com.au)

JERRABOMBERRA CREEK STREAM BANK EROSION.

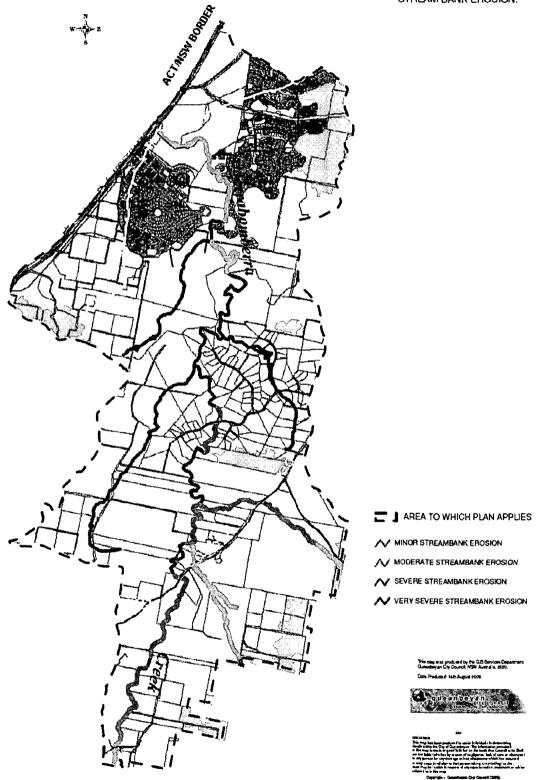


Figure 5: Jerrabomberra Catchment Streambank Erosion

(Maps provided by Molonglo Catchment Group - www.molonglocatchment.com.au)

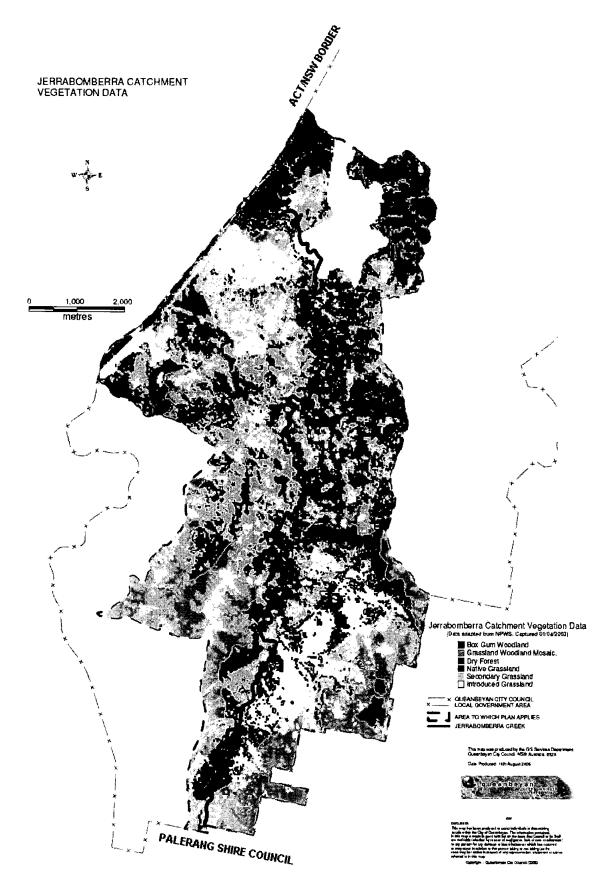


Figure 6: Jerrabomberra Catchment Vegetation Data

(Maps provided by Molonglo Catchment Group - www.molonglocatchment.com.au)

5.2.4 Catchment

The condition of the upper and middle sections of the catchment is considered good since these areas of the catchment are mostly unmodified due to the fact that:

- land use has been generally restricted to rural activities in the form of grazing;
- native vegetation is reasonably intact; and
- loads of suspended sediment, total nitrogen and total phosphorus in Jerrabomberra Creek are close to natural.

The condition of the lower section of the catchment, below the waterfall, is however considered to be substantially modified since there has been:

- urban development;
- significant loss of native vegetation; and
- moderate to high loads of suspended sediment, total nitrogen and total phosphorus found in Jerrabomberra Creek.

5.3 Threatened species and ecological communities on the land

There are no NSW or Commonwealth listed threatened species or ecological communities known to inhabit community land along Jerrabomberra Creek although there are a number that are likely to occur on other land within the catchment. If any threatened species are present the actions presented in this report should help to preserve them.

New South Wales

Common Name / Scientific Name	Habitat		
Plants			
Button Wrinklewort Rutidosis leptorrhynchoides	Box-Gum Woodland or Natural Temperate Grassland.		
Small Purple-pea Swainsona recta	Woodlands with grassy understorey dominated by Kangaroo GrassThemeda australis		
Pomaderris pallida	Brittle Gum Eucalyptus mannifera and Red Stringybark Eucalyptus macrorhyncha woodland.		

Birds	
Speckled Warbler Pyrrholaemus sagittatus	Rocky ridges or gullies with eucalypt woodland that has a grassy understorey.
Diamond Firetail Stagonopleura guttata	Grassy eucalypt woodlands.
Hooded Robin Melanodryas cucullata	Open eucalypt woodland.
Glossy Black Cockatoo Calyptorhynchus lathami	Open eucalypt woodland
Brown Treecreeper Climacteris picumnus victoriae	Open eucalypt woodland
Insects	
Golden Sun Moth Synemon plana	Natural Temperate Grasslands and grassy Box-Gum Woodlands in which the groundlayer is dominated by wallaby grasses Austrodanthonia spp
Mammals	
Eastern False Pipistrelle Falsistrellus tasmaniensis	Eucalypt trees taller than 20m.
Eastern Bentwing-bat Miniopterus schreibersii oceanensis	Caves, stormwater tunnels, buildings and other man-made structures.
Reptiles	
Pink-tailed Legless Lizard Aprasia parapulchella	Open woodland areas, dominated by Kangaroo Grass <i>Themeda australis</i> , with rock outcrops or scattered, partially-buried rocks.
Rosenberg's Goanna Varanus rosenbergi	Woodland.

Little Whip Snake Suta flagellum	Rocky outcrops
Ecological communities	
White Box, Yellow Box, Blakely's Red Gum Woodland	

Table 3: NSW listed threatened species and ecological communities

Commonwealth

Name Habitat
Box-Gum Woodland or Natural Temperate Grassland.
Woodlands with grassy understorey dominated by Kangaroo Grass Themeda australis
Grassland
Wetlands
Woodland
Clear, rocky streams
Deep creek pools and riffles above a waterfall.

Insects	
Golden Sun Moth Synemon plana	Natural Temperate Grasslands and grassy Box-Gum Woodlands in which the groundlayer is dominated by wallaby grasses Austrodanthonia spp.
Mammals	
Grey-headed Flying-fox Pteropus poliocephalus	Open woodlands
Reptiles	
Pink-tailed Legless Lizard Aprasia parapulchella	Open woodland areas, dominated by Kangaroo Grass <i>Themeda australis</i> , with rock outcrops or scattered, partially buried rocks.
Striped Legless Lizard Delma impar	Natural grasslands dominated by Stipa and Themeda spp.
Grassland Earless Dragon Tympanocryptis lineata pingui	Treeless natural tussock grassland, ungrazed or lightly grazed on gentle slopes.
Ecological communities	
Natural Temperate Grassland Capital Territory.	of the Southern Tablelands of NSW and the Australian

Table 6: Commonwealth listed threatened species and ecological communities.

6.0 Approvals for Activities on the Land

With the exception of the Council, its employees and contractors, a person who intends on undertaking an activity which involves physical disturbance to community land along Jerrabomberra Creek is required to seek approval of the Council prior to undertaking such an activity.

PART B - SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR PARK

A. Condition of the Land and Structures on Adoption of the Plan

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION/CONDITION
LOCATION	LOT 939 DP 850891 2 WATERFALL DRIVE JERRABOMBERRA (Figure 7)
	LOT 57 DP 1017138 11 WATERFALL DRIVE JERRABOMBERRA (Figure 7)
	LOT 744 DP 814725 7 MARINERS COURT JERRABOMBERRA (Figure 7)
AREA	5.033 HA, 2.98HA, 5.2HA (13.21 Ha in Total)
LANDFORM AND SURROUNDING LAND USE	Riparian zone separating watercourse and urban area. Used for passive recreational purposes by surrounding residents. A section abuts Jerrabomberra Lake.
VEGETATION	Modified riparian vegetation including exotic species Modified grasslands of mowable grade
IMPROVEMENTS	Approximately 500 metres of formal paved footway. Outdoor exercise equipment
	Approximately 180 metres gabion erosion control barriers
	Stormwater outlet and energy dissipater near Tamarind Place
URBAN SERVICES	The following services are provided in proximity to the site: electricity, gas, telephone stormwater, town water, and sewerage.
SUMMARY	An elongated strip of park land on the eastern side of Jerrabomberra Creek separating the watercourse from residential areas and Jerrabomberra Lake. It should be noted that Lake Jerrabomberra is not included in this plan as it has it's own plan of management.

B. Use of the Land and Structures at the Date of Adoption of the Plan

This site is used for general recreational purposes

C. Threatened Species Legislation

Land covered by this Plan has been assessed under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

D. Future Use of the Land

There are currently no changes proposed to the use.

E. Scale and Intensity

Passive recreation.

F. Leases, Licences and Other Estates

Leases and licences and the granting of other estates are primarily governed by sections 44-47 of the Local Government Act 1993.

This plan of management authorises the lease, licence or grant of any other estate over 7 Mariners Court, 2 Waterfall Drive and 11 Waterfall Drive Jerrabomberra which is consistent with the core objective of this plan and which is permissible under *Queanbeyan Local Environmental Plan 1998*.

A right of way exists over the land to allow access to Lots 11 and 12 DP730220 off the end of Mariners Court.

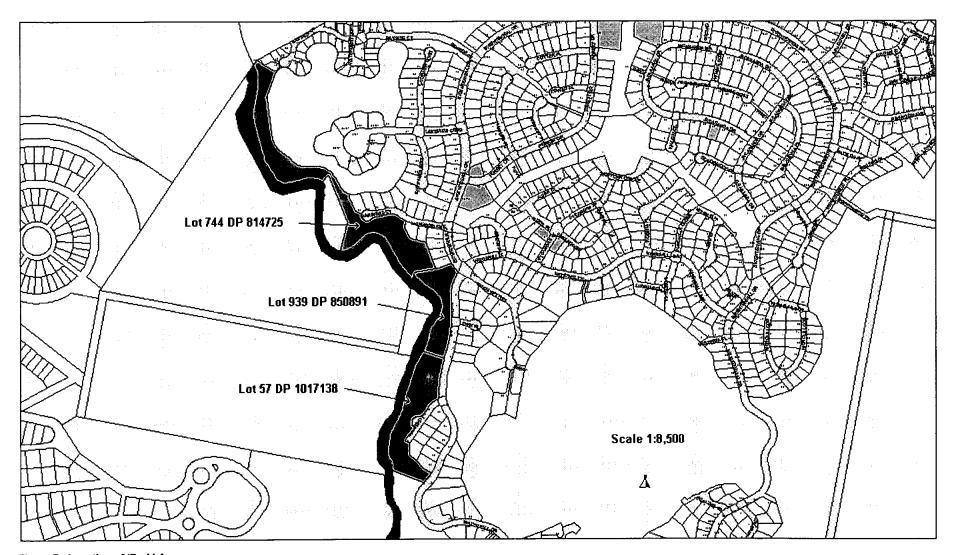


Figure 7: Location of 'Park' Area

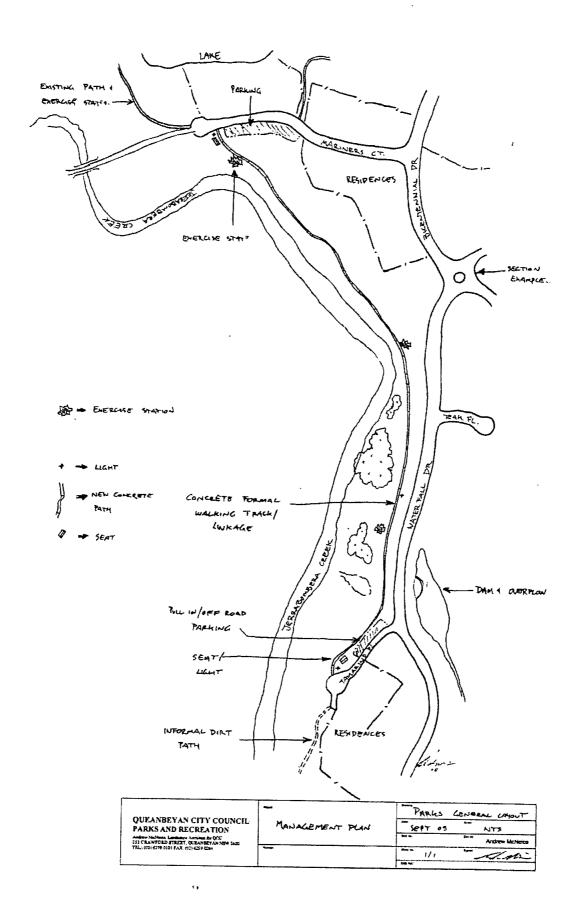


Figure 8: Landscape Development Plan - "Park"

Specific Site Maintenance "Park"

Management Issues

Objective

This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 7 which are categorised as "Park" in the Plan of Management.

Part B.1 - Improve the land in such a way as to promote and facilitate its use

Means of achieving the objective	Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility	
Investigate clarification of ownership of the Creek.	The legal standing of ownership is clarified.		Eng ServicesEnv ServicesParks and	
Carry out restoration work of eroded areas within the Park	A survey detailing priority areas for	Completion of Survey within 12 months	Recreation	
 Work with adjacent land owners to stabilise banks and remove erosion hazards 	work over the next 10 years to be prepared within 12 months of Plan adoption	months		
Revegetate banks and new facility areas with appropriate endemic landscaping	Selected areas along path and facilities to be landscaped with species recommended (see Landscape Plan for area recommended and Appendix A for suitable species)	Percentage of endemic plantings indicated on Landscape Plan which have been completed.	 Env Services Parks and Recreation Community 	

Specific Site Maintenance "Park" (Continued)

Management Issues

Objective

This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 7 which are categorised as "Park" in the Plan of Management.

Part B.1 - Improve the land in such a way as to promote and facilitate its use

Means of achieving the objective	Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
Commence discussion with adjoining land owners about the need for replacement and maintenance of the fencing.	Determination made on the replacement of the fence.	Fence is either removed and/or replaced.	
Work with adjacent land owners to restrict access of livestock to the banks of the creek.	Carry out meetings with land holders adjacent to "park" to determine their needs in respect of access to Creek.	Meetings with land holders completed within 12 months of Plan adoption	Env Services
	Seek funding to provide controlled access if required.		

Specific Site Maintenance "Park" (Continued)

Management Issues	Objective				annen er i kan		
This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 7 which are categorised as "Park" in the Plan of Management.	Part B.1 - Improve the la	and	in such a way as to p	rom	note and facilitate its u	se	
Work with adjacent land owners to control any adverse impact on the environment including in		•	To have willows and other invasive woody weeds controlled and revegetation works undertaken within 5 years	•	Percentage of willows and woody weeds removed within 5 years.	•	Env Services Parks and Recreation Community
If water is required for landscaping, considerate water from retention basin.	tion be given to using						

Landscape Development Plan "Park"

Management Issues

Objective

To develop a distinct landscape character and individual identity for this site through an appropriate landscape development plan as shown on Figure 8.

Part B.2 - Encourage, promote and facilitate recreational, cultural, social and educational pastimes and activities

leans of achieving the objective	Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
Provide cultural and recreation facilities for different age and ethnic groups in the 'park' to include: Informal carpark preferably close to, but not adjacent to or in front of houses in Tamarind Place	Informal carparking facilities to be constructed within 5 years.	Construction of carpark completed within time frame	Parks and Recreation
> Provision of litter bins.	Litter bins to be installed at time of footpath construction.	Number of litter bins installed when footpath constructed	Eng Services
The need for a playground and associated works in the "Park" area be reviewed within 3 years of the date of adoption	Assessment of need for playground and associated works	Report provided on the need for playground within time frame.	Parks and Recreation/ Env Services
Lighting to be considered in the future depending on usage of the path and demand for it.	undertaken within 3 years.		
Work with Jerrabomberra Public School to nominate area or areas for schools to carry out water testing.	 That an area or area/s be nominated and access provided for the school. 	Water monitoring area provided for community water testing.	Env Services

Landscape Development Plan "Park" (Continued)

Management Issues

Objective

To develop a distinct landscape character and individual identity for this site through an appropriate landscape development plan as shown on Figure 8.

Part B.2 - Encourage, promote and facilitate recreational, cultural, social and educational pastimes and activities

Means of achieving the objective		Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility	
•	 Waterfall Area The formal pathway to finish at Tamarind Place. From this point extending as an informal track leading to a viewing platform at the waterfall. The track and viewing platform to have handrails to guide walkers, to act as a safety barrier and protect flora. The track may divert to a bush walk track up the hill into the natural area. Work with adjoining landowners to prohibit access to the area at the head of the waterfall 	Preparation of a detailed landscape Plan showing actual location of path and construction details of viewing platform	 Preparation of detailed plan within 2 years of Plan adoption Costings obtained for consideration in 2008/2009 Management Plan 	Env Services	
•	Landscape plan for the 'park' to concentrate on low maintenance, indigenous and biodiverse plantings	Within 10 years 95% of flora in landscape elements to be indigenous and low maintenance	Percentage of flora in landscape elements that are indigenous and low maintenance.	Env Service Parks and Recreation	

Landscape Development Plan (Continued)

Objective Management Issues To develop a distinct landscape character and Part B.2 - Encourage, promote and facilitate recreational, cultural, social and educational individual identity for this site through an pastimes and activities appropriate landscape development plan as shown on Figure 8. Means of achieving the objective Manner of assessing Performance Target Responsibility performance Install interpretive signage along walkways Prepare a concept Concept plan Env Services plan showing completed within 3 Community possible locations vears for interpretive signage and content within 3 years of plan adoption Support Landcare activities in the 'park' Number of Landcare To have a least one Landcare Landcare activities carried out in Park activity in the Park each year each year

Landscape Development Plan (Continued)

Objective Management Issues To develop a distinct landscape character and Part B.3 - Provide for passive recreational activities or pastimes and for the casual playing of individual identity for this site through an games appropriate landscape development plan as shown on Figure 8. Means of achieving the objective Performance Target Manner of assessing Responsibility performance Provide passive recreation facilities in the 'park. This may include: Metres of footpath **Eng Services** 100 metres of footpath to be constructed as a Footpath/bicycle paths % of total length constructed each year until complete Number of seats Parks and Install one seat installed Provision of seating in strategic locations for rest and supervision approx every 250 Recreation of children metres of walkway.

PART C - SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR NATURAL AREA

A. Condition of the Land and Structures on Adoption of the Plan

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION/CONDITION
LOCATION	LOT 112, DP 1037423 8 BANYALLA CLOSE JERRABOMBERRA (Figure 9)
	LOT 148 DP 1041324 137 WATERFALL DRIVE JERRABOMBERRA (Figure 9)
AREA	2.98 HA, 4.47HA
LANDFORM AND SURROUNDING LAND USE	An area of open woodland adjoining the eastern boundary of Jerrabomberra Creek. Consists of undulating land with areas tending to be steep and rocky toward the northern section of the Creek where a small gorge ends in a waterfall.
VEGETATION	Remnant bushland consisting of open woodland and riparian areas. Still has a good coverage and distribution of native vegetation.
IMPROVEMENTS	An old weir is placed across the northern reach of the Creek before it enters the gorge.
	Some existing rural type fencing has been constructed along the eastern side of the Creek on Lot 148.
	A sedimentation pond has been constructed at the end of Banyalla Close to reduce sediment from residential development entering the Creek.
URBAN SERVICES	The following services are available in close proximity to the site: electricity, gas, telephone stormwater, town water, and sewerage
SUMMARY	An area of natural habitat which is in reasonably good condition and would be ideal for passive recreation such as walking and bird watching without significant resources being devoted to rehabilitation.

B. Use of the Land and Structures at the Date of Adoption of the Plan

This site is used for general recreational purposes

C. Threatened Species Laws

Land covered by this Plan has been assessed under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

D. Future Use of the Land

There are no changes proposed to the use.

E. Scale and Intensity

Minor.

F. Leases, Licences and Other Estates

Leases and licences and the granting of other estates are primarily governed by sections 44-47 of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

This plan of management authorises the lease, licence or grant of any other estate over 8 Banyalla Close and 137 Waterfall Drive, Jerrabomberra which is consistent with the core objective of this plan and which is permissible under *Queanbeyan Local Environmental Plan 1998*.

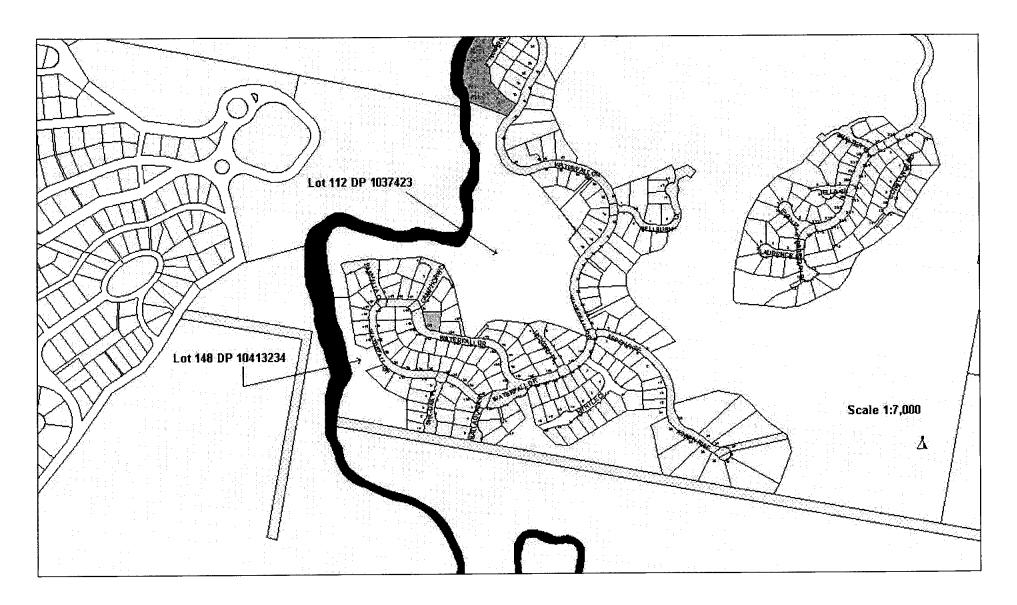


Figure 9 Location of 'Natural' Area

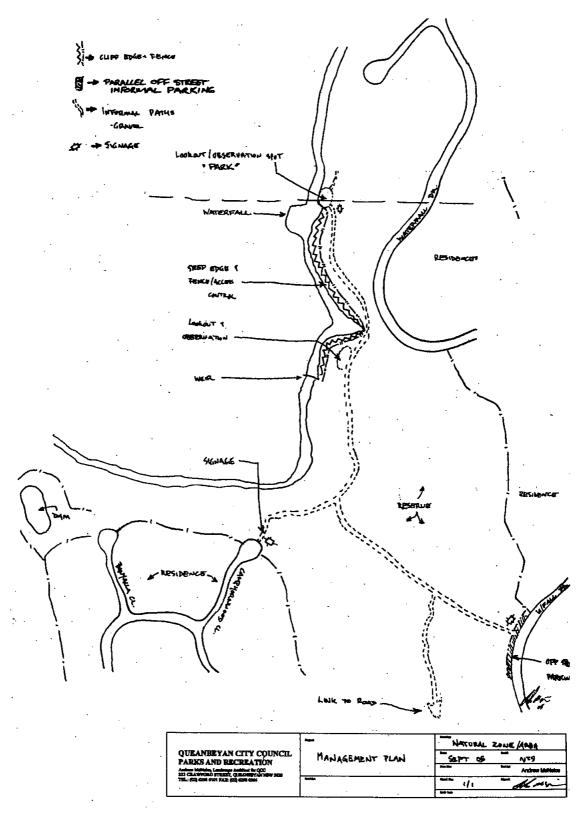


Figure 10: Landscape Development Plan – "Natural Area"

Specific Site Maintenance "Natural Area"

Salaha Mara	Management Issues	Objective				
Alba San in the late of the 1966 Mg	This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 9 which are categorised as "Natural Area" in the Plan of Management. Means of achieving the objective	ure				
•	Survey the "natural area" to determine the dis abundance of species.	tribution and	Assess existing information and studies and conduct additional research if necessary within 2 years.	Assessment is documented and reported to Env Advisory Committee within 2 year time frame.	Env Services	

Specific Site Maintenance "Natural Area" (Continued)

Management Issues	Objective			wanted a constraint TOTTO .	**************************************
This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 9 which are categorised as "Natural Area" in the Plan of Management.	Part C.2 – Maintain the	land, or that	feature of the	e habitat, in its natural sta	ate and setting.
Means of achieving the objective		Performa	nce Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
Undertake regular maintenance of the native vertical area.".	egetation within the	hours	at least 12 per annum ntenance of	 Minimum number of hours is achieved. 	Parks and Recreation.
Identify and assess existence and necessity for along the creek.	or artificial structures	1	gation and ment within	 Assessment is documented and reported to Env Advisory Committee within 10 year time frame. 	Env Services

Specific Site Maintenance "Natural Area" (Continued)

Objective Management Issues This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the Part C.3 - Provide for the restoration and regeneration of the land. following allotments of land as shown on Figure 9 which are categorised as "Natural Area" in the Plan of Management. Responsibility Manner of assessing **Performance Target** Means of achieving the objective performance Completion of Eng Services · A survey detailing Rehabilitate eroded stream banks within the "natural areas" priority areas for Survey within 12 Env Services work over the next months Parks and 10 years to be Recreation prepared within 12 months of Plan adoption · Parks and Control program in All exotic introduced Regenerate areas of bush by controlling exotic/introduced plant place within 2 year Recreation species and where necessary revegetate with endemic species. plant species time frame. controlled within 2 years. · Percentage of Env Services Work with land owners to remove willows and invasive species. To have all willows and invasive woody willows and woody Parks and weeds removed weeds removed Recreation within 5 years. within 5 years Community · Meeting with Env Services Work with adjacent land owners to restrict access of livestock to the Carry out meetings with landholders iandholders banks of the creek. completed within 12 adjacent to natural months. area to determine their needs in respect of access to Creek.

Site Specific Landscape Development Plan "Natural Areas"

Management Issues

Objective

To develop a distinct landscape character and individual identity for this site through an appropriate landscape development plan as shown on Figure 10.

Part C.4 – Provide for community use of and access to the land in such a manner as will minimise and mitigate any disturbance caused by human intrusion.

Means of achieving the objective	Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility	
Organise for the "natural area" to be included in the regional Frogwatch and/or Waterwatch programs	Involve local community in Frogwatch and/or Waterwatch activities within 12 months.	At least one Frogwatch and /or Waterwatch survey carried out within first 12 months.	Env Services.	
Informal bushwalking track to be provided down to "park" area.	Create approximately 800 metres of informal walking trails within 3 years.	Length of walking trails created as a percentage of target.	Parks and Recreation	
Fence off areas of remnant vegetation adjacent to residential areas along the creek to prevent unauthorised vehicle access	Carry out an annual assessment of whether low intensity vehicle barriers to the end of cul-de-sacs and open areas adjacent to roadways are required to prevent vehicle entry.	Have annual inspections been carried out.	Parks and Recreation	

Site Specific Landscape Development Plan "Natural Areas" (Continued)

Management Issues **Objective** To develop a distinct landscape character and Part C.5 – assist in and facilitate the implementation of any provisions restricting the use and individual identity for this site through an management of the land that are set out in a recovery plan or threat abatement plan prepared appropriate landscape development plan as under the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 or the Fisheries Management act 1994. shown on Figure 10. Means of achieving the objective Performance Target Manner of assessing Responsibility performance As and if required To be determined To be determined • To be determined

PART D - SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR WATERCOURSE

A. Condition of the Land and Structures on Adoption of the Plan

FEATURE	DESCRIPTION/CONDITION				
LOCATION	LOT 41 DP 1056538 146 THOROUGHBRED DRIVE ROYALLA (Figure 12)				
	LOT 2 DP 1042627 1731 OLD COOMA ROAD GOOGONG (Figure 11)				
AREA	13.3HA, 9.0HA (22.9 HA IN TOTAL)				
LANDFORM AND SURROUNDING LAND USE	Historic erosion has caused highly channelised and eroded creek bed. Eroded banks varying from 3-5 metres. During dry periods the stream bed is a series of ponds.				
	Riparian areas are modified grasslands as a result of historical pastoral use. Landscape is bare with very few trees. Within creek bed there is some evidence of self regeneration following restriction of livestock following development for rural residential subdivision.				
	Surrounding use is mainly rural residential.				
VEGETATION	Modified grassland as a result of historic pastoral use.				
IMPROVEMENTS	Rural fencing has been constructed to separate the riparian strip from the rural residential properties.				
URBAN SERVICES	There are no urban services available.				
SUMMARY	An incised and degraded stream bed caused as a result of erosion at the turn of the century. Although erosion is not getting significantly worse there may be opportunities to rehabilitate the worst affected areas.				

B. Use of the Land and Structures at the Date of Adoption of the Plan

This site is riparian rehabilitation zone.

C. Threatened Species Laws

Land covered by this Plan has been assessed under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

D. Future Use of The Land

There are no changes proposed to the use

E. Scale and Intensity

Minor.

F. Leases, Licences and Other Estates

Leases and licences and the granting of other estates are primarily governed by sections 44-47 of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

This plan of management authorises the lease, licence or grant of any other estate over 1731 Old Cooma Road and 146 Thoroughbred Drive which is consistent with the core objective of this plan and which is permissible under *Queanbeyan Local Environmental Plan 1998*.

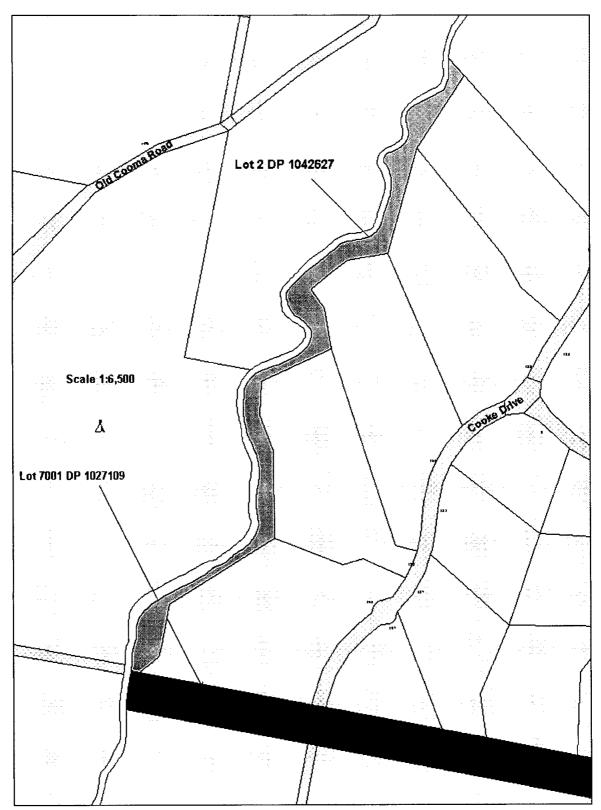


Figure 11: Location of Lot 2 DP 1042627

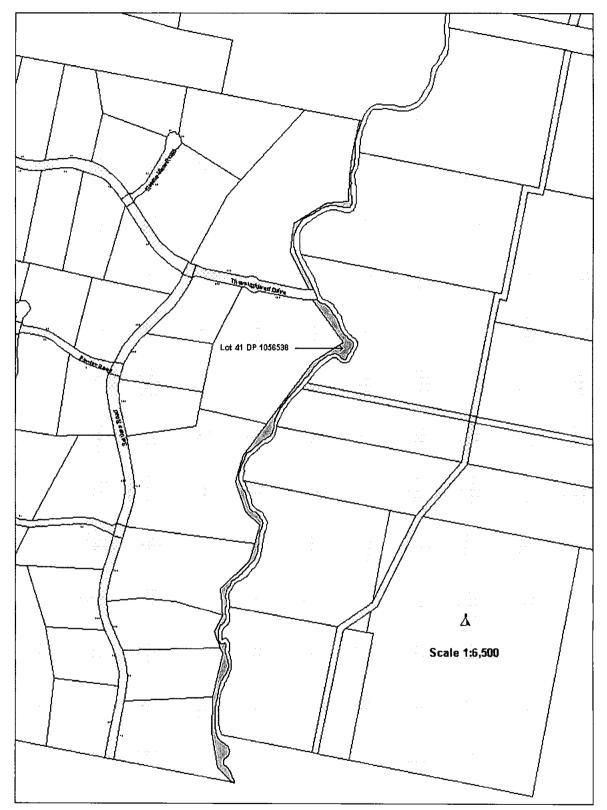


Figure 12: Location of Lot 41 DP 1056538

Specific Site Maintenance "Watercourse"

Management Issues

Objective

This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 11 & 12 which are categorised as "Watercourse" in the Plan of Management.

Part D.1 – Protect the biodiversity and ecological values of the instream environment, particularly in relation to water quality and water flows.

Means of achieving the objective	Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
Analyse water quality of the watercourse.	 Set up a sampling point on the Creek where samples are taken on a 	Sampling is carried out on a quarterly basis.	Env Services and community
	quarterly basis. Revise River Quality Monitoring program to include this site.	River Quality Monitoring Program is reviewed within 12 months.	Env Services
Install a flow measuring device within the watercourse.	 Investigate costs associated with installation of a flow measuring device within two years after adoption of the Plan. 	Investigation documented and reported to Env Advisory Committee within 2 years.	Env Services

Specific Site Maintenance "Watercourse" (Continued)

This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure	Objective Part D.2 – Protect the rabitats and bank stabi	ipar lity.	ian environment, parti	icula	arly in relation to ripari	an v	egetation and
Means of achieving the objective		Pe	erformance Target		anner of assessing erformance	Re	esponsibility
 Maintain existing fencing along the length of the exclude livestock. Assist land owners with advice options for watering stock (e.g. pumps or trough opportunities to provide such alternatives). 	e on alternative	•	Monitor integrity of fence on an annual basis.	•	Inspection of fence has is carried out each year.	•	Parks and Recreation
 Investigate active erosion sites and possible me stabilisation. 	thodologies for	•	Survey to be carried out within 2 years.	•	Survey has been documented within set timeframe with actions to be prioritised.	•	Env Services
Control feral animals along length of watercours	Э.	•	Feral animals to be controlled. Programs to be implemented within 2 years.	•	Feral animal control programs have been initiated and monitored.		

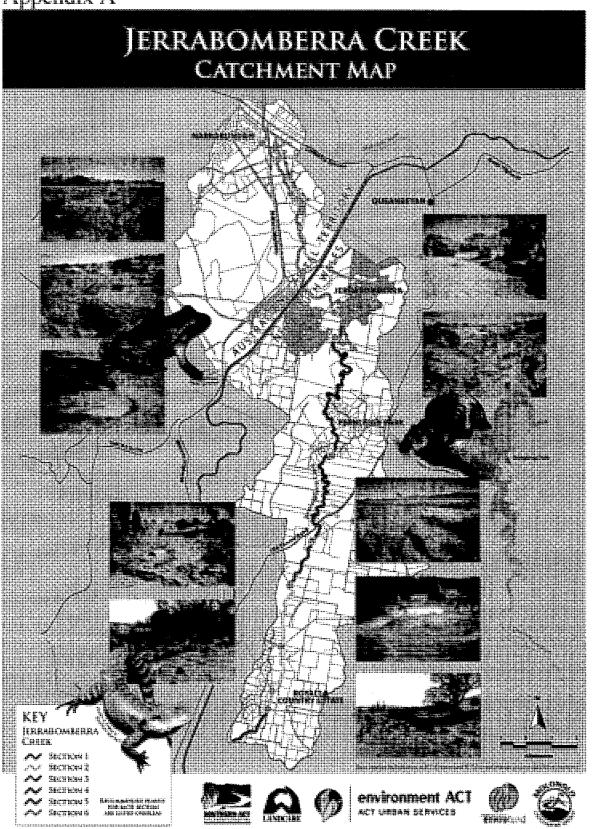
Specific Site Maintenance "Watercourse" (Continued)

Management Issues Objective		and the second s	
This Part of the Plan relates specifically to the following allotments of land as shown on Figure 11 & 12 which are categorised as "Watercourse" in the Plan of Management.	estore degraded watercourse.		
Means of achieving the objective	Performance Target	Manner of assessing performance	Responsibility
Work with adjacent land owners to control any plants that ha adverse impact on the environment including invasive weeds		 Percentage of invasive willows and woody weeds controlled and revegetation works undertaken within 5 years. 	 Env Services Parks and Recreation Community

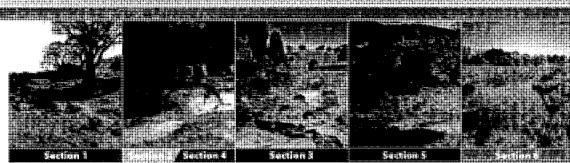
Specific Site Maintenance "Watercourse" (Continued)

Ince Target Manner of assessing performance Investigation completed and plan prepared within 2 years. Manner of assessing Responsibility Env Services. Community. Parks and Recreation
performance Ilete
performance Ilete
igation completed and plan of sed access within 2 years. Community. Parks and Page 12 and Page 12 and Page 13 and Page 13 and Page 13 and Page 14 and Pa
 Little Burra Pty Ltd Local Landcare Groups Fence has been erected within specified time frame. The off access along course to not horised is by actional es within 2
es ea

Appendix A



PLANTS RECOMMENDED FOR EACH SECTION OF TERRABOMBERRA CREEK



Trees Eucalyptus bridgesiana E.melliodora E.rubida

Shrubs Acada dealbata Bursaria lasiophylla Cryptandra amara Melichrus urceolatus

Grasses & Forbs
Bulbine bulbosa
Carex appresa
Chrysocephalum apiculatum
Clematis microphylla
Craspedia variabilis
Cymbonotus lawsonianus
Elymus scaber
Gonocarpus tetragynus
Leptorhynchos squamatus
Lomandra coriacea
Pimelea curviflora
Plantago varia
Poa labillardieri
Stackhousta monogyna
Swainsona sericea
Themeda australis
(syn T. triandra)
Wurmbea diolca

Trees Eucalyptus bridgeslana E.pauciflora E.rubida E.stellulata

Shrubs Acacia dealbata A.melanoxylon Bursaria lassiophylla Cassinia longifolia Rubus triphyllus (syn. Rubus parvifolius)

Grasses & Forbs
Accena ovina
Brachycome petrophyla
Carex appressa
C. breviculmis
Cymbonotus lawsonianus
Danthonia sp.
Danthonia racemosa
Einadia nutans
Elymus scaber
Lomandra bracteata
Luzula sp.
Microlaena stipoides
Phrogmites australis
Plantago varia
Poa labillardieri
Scleranthus biflorus
Stipa scaber assp. falcata
Themeda australis
(syn T. triandra)
Typha 5.D.

Trees
Eucalyptus bridgesiana
E. melliodora
E. pauciflora
E. rubida
E. stelliulata

Shrubs Acacia dealbata Bursana lasiophylla Melichrus urceolatus

Grasses & Forbs
Carex tereticaulis
Chrysocephakim apiculatum
Danthonia sp.
Dichelochne crinita
Elymus scaber
Lomandra coriacea
L filiformis
Plantaga varia
Poa labillardieri
P sleberiana
Scieranthus biflorus
Sorghum kelocladum
Stipa bigeniculata
Themeda australis

(syn T. triandra)

Trees
Eucal/ptus bridgesiana
E. melliodora
E. paudiliora
E. palyanthemos
E. rossil
E. rossil
E. rubida

Shrubs
Acacia dealbata
A meansil.
A rubida
Buriaria laslophylla
Callistemon paludosus
Cryptandra amara
Dodonaea viscosa
Kunzea ericoides
Rubus triphyllus
Isyn. Rubus parvifolius)

Grasses & Forbs
Bulbine bulbosa
Carex uppressa
Cheilanthes sieberi
Chrysocephalum apiculatum
Cymbopogon refractus
Donthania sp.
Elymus scaber
Enneapogon nigricans
Lomandra bracteata
L coriacea
Lomandra longifolia
Pimelea curriflora
Poa labillardieri
P sieberiana
Stackhousia monogyna
Stipa scabra ssp. falcata
Themeda custralis
(syn T triandra)
Typha sp.
Vittadinia cuneata
Wurmbea diolca

Trees
None.
No trees are likely to have occurred at this site and therefore none should be planted if ecological principato be upheld.

planted if ecological principles are to be upheld. However, if there is a strong desire to plant, the following species are recommended:

Eucalyptus aggregata E. pauciflora* E. stellulata*

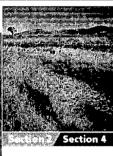
Shrubs Acacia dealbata* Acacia melanoxylon* Bursaria lasiophylla* Callistemon paludosus* Hakea microphylla* Rubus triphyllus (Syn. Rubus parvifolius)*

Grasses & Forbs
Acaena ovina*
Brachycome petrophyla*
Carex oppressa
C breviculmis*
Chrysocephalum apiculatum*
Craspedia variabilis*
Cymbon odactylon
Danthonia racemosa*
Oanthonia sp.
prabably several species*
Einadia nutans
Eleochuris sphacelata
Tall Splke Rush
Elymus scaber*
Geranium solanderi*
Leptorhynchos squamatus*
Lomandra bracteata*
Luzula sp.*
Microlaena stipoides*
Plantago varia*
Plantago varia*
Sclerantius biflonus*
Stipo scabra sp. falcata*
Thereda australis (syn Tiriandra)*

Wurmbea dioica*

"Plants not found in this section.
However, based on plants
observed at Jerabornberra
Creek sections to the left, these
species are recommended.

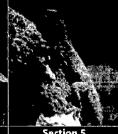




For species collected in NSW and ACT, relevant permits need to be obtained for threatened species or shose collected from endangered ecological communities.

Primary reference 'Flora of NSW' Editor Gwen Harden 2000











Tvoha sp.:

Any Queries? - Happy to Help! Please contact the Molongio Catchment Group on (02) 6230 1484 if you have any queries, or visit www.molonglocatchment.com.au

(Flora Survey provided by Molonglo Catchment Group - www.molonglocatchment.com.au & Environment ACT)